4 Things to Know About Bullying and Youth

THE LAW IN IMAGES





BULLYING INCLUDES MANY KINDS OF BEHAVIOUR ...

... minor or very serious ...







... such as words, harmful actions and crimes.

Bullying can happen anywhere...







... for example, at school, on the street, at work, on the Internet or on the telephone.

Did you know?

Sometimes, bullying can be a kind of discrimination.
This happens when bullying is based on personal characteristics of the victim.





Bullying can have serious legal consequences.
Learn more and find out how to report bullying.

educaloi.qc.ca/bullying



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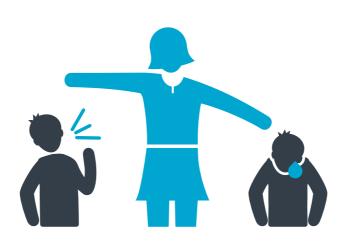
THE LAW IN IMAGES



ADULTS HAVE RESPONSIBILITIES WHEN IT COMES TO BULLYING

Parents must take action...

... if their child is bullying someone or being bullied...



... to stop the bullying and defend the victim's rights.



They can be held responsible for harm their child causes.

The school must get involved...

... even if the bullying happened in cyberspace.



Schools must have a plan to deal with bullying and tell parents what it says.



to deal with children who bully others. Young people in the workforce...



confidential.

Complaints are





bullying and end it when it happens.

Adults must watch out for the health and safety of those under 18.





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THERE ARE SEVERAL WAYS TO REPORT BULLYING

AT SCHOOL, TELL THE PRINCIPAL'S OFFICE, even if the bullying happened in cyberspace.



If you are not satisfied with the results, contact your regional student ombudsman.



If the school doesn't take action, you can file a complaint with the school board.



AT WORK, TELL THE MANAGEMENT.



IF YOUR EMPLOYER DOESN'T TAKE ACTION, OR IF THE BULLYING CONTINUES:





workers Check what your union contract says.







employees Contact your public service commission.



in Quebec Contact the Commission

des normes, de l'équité, de la santé et de la sécurité du travail (labour standards board).



la jeunesse (human rights and youth rights commission).

des droitsde la personne et de

Contact the Commission

Bullying is sometimes a crime. Examples include violence, threats, harassment, child pornography

and sharing intimate images without consent. **Anyone can report** these crimes to the police.





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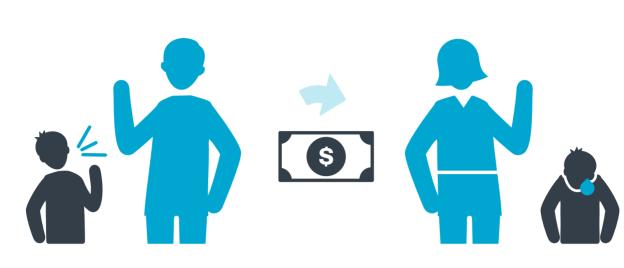


BULLYING AND THE LEGAL SYSTEM

Bullying can have legal consequences. The most serious is a court order.

A child who bullies someone might have to go to court...

... in cases involving damage to someone's reputation, for example.



A court could order the child to pay money to repair the damage caused by the bullying.





Even very young children can end up in court if they are old enough to understand the impact of their bullying.

More serious bullying can be a crime. Punishments for crimes are sometimes severe.







child pornography, sharing intimate images without consent and criminal harassment.

Examples include theft, threats,

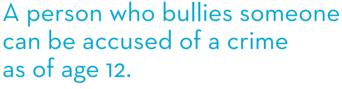






time in detention, a fine, or both.





In Quebec law, a youth under 18 can avoid a criminal court case in some cases.



A court record can have





a big impact on a person's life. **Bullying can have serious** legal consequences. Learn more and find out

educaloi.qc.ca/bullying

how to report bullying.



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